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How to enhance teachers' ability to practice under the concept of Visible Learning.

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Abstract

Visible Learning, introduced by John Hattie, is a comprehensive approach to teaching and learning that emphasizes making learning processes visible, quantifiable, and impactful. This paper explores strategies to enhance teachers' ability to practice Visible Learning, focusing on evidence-based techniques and professional development methods. It reviews key principles such as feedback, teacher-student relationships, and instructional strategies, emphasizing their role in improving student outcomes. The abstract highlights the significance of ongoing teacher training, collaborative learning communities, and a supportive school environment in fostering Visible Learning practices. By synthesizing existing literature and empirical studies, this paper provides valuable insights for educators and policymakers aiming to implement Visible Learning effectively in educational settings.

Keywords: Visible Learning, professional development, school development, achievement enhancing, teacher training.

Introduction

Ongoing teacher training is of paramount importance in the field of education, ensuring that educators remain effective, motivated, and equipped with the latest teaching methodologies and strategies. Continuous professional development not only benefits teachers but also significantly impacts students' learning experiences and outcomes. Here are key points highlighting the significance of ongoing teacher training: 1) Enhancing Pedagogical Skills: Regular training workshops and seminars enable teachers to enhance their teaching techniques, incorporate innovative pedagogies, and adapt to diverse learning needs. This leads to more engaging and effective classroom instruction (Ingersoll & Strong, 2011). 2) Keeping Abreast of Educational Innovations: Education is a dynamic field with constant innovations. Ongoing training allows teachers to stay updated with the latest technologies, educational theories, and methodologies, ensuring they provide students with a modern and relevant education (Desimone, 2009). 3) Addressing Diverse Learning Needs: Professional development equips teachers with strategies to address diverse learning needs, including those of students with disabilities and English language learners. Training ensures that teachers can create inclusive classrooms where every student has an opportunity to succeed (Darling-Hammond et al., 2017). 4) Fostering a Positive School Culture: Well-trained and motivated teachers contribute significantly to a positive school environment. They inspire students, collaborate effectively

with colleagues, and engage with parents, creating a supportive and nurturing atmosphere conducive to learning (Goddard et al., 2007). 5) Improving Student Achievement: Research shows a strong correlation between teacher professional development and student achievement. When teachers are continuously trained and supported, student outcomes, including standardized test scores and overall academic performance, tend to improve (Yoon et al., 2007). 6) Promoting Lifelong Learning: Teachers who engage in ongoing training serve as role models for students, emphasizing the value of lifelong learning. This perspective encourages students to adopt a growth mindset and pursue continuous education beyond their school years (OECD, 2019).

Teacher training in Visible Learning, based on the research of John Hattie, holds immense significance in enhancing student achievement. Visible Learning emphasizes the importance of making learning processes visible, setting clear learning intentions, providing effective feedback, and encouraging metacognitive thinking. Here is why continuous training in this methodology is crucial: 1) Improved Instructional Strategies: Ongoing training equips teachers with a diverse set of instructional strategies proven to have a high impact on student learning. Educators learn to implement evidence-based techniques that resonate with their students, improving understanding and retention (Hattie, 2009). 2) Enhanced Feedback Practices: Visible Learning emphasizes the power of timely, specific, and actionable feedback. Continuous training helps teachers refine their feedback skills, enabling them to provide personalized guidance to each student, addressing individual learning needs (Hattie & Timperley, 2007). 3) Increased Student Engagement: Teachers trained in Visible Learning create dynamic, engaging classrooms where students actively participate in their learning process. This heightened engagement fosters a positive learning environment, encouraging students to take ownership of their education (Hattie, 2012). 4) Targeted Interventions: Ongoing professional development enables teachers to identify struggling students early. Through Visible Learning techniques, educators can design targeted interventions tailored to individual student needs, preventing academic challenges from escalating (Hattie, 2009). 5) Data-Informed Decision Making: Visible Learning emphasizes the importance of datadriven decision-making. Continuous training equips teachers with the skills to analyze student data effectively, enabling them to adjust their teaching methods based on real-time student performance (Hattie, 2009). 6) Positive School Culture: When teachers consistently implement Visible Learning practices, it creates a common language and approach within the school community. This shared understanding fosters collaboration, a culture of continuous improvement, and a collective commitment to student success (Hattie, 2015).

This paper explores strategies to enhance teachers' ability to practice Visible Learning, focusing on evidence-based techniques and professional development methods.

Method and Materials

The following are the stages of this study.

1. Research Focus and Questions: Define the research focus: Understanding strategies to enhance teachers' ability to practice under the concept of Visible Learning. Formulate

specific research questions related to Visible Learning methodologies and effective teaching practices.

- 2. Literature Review: Conduct an extensive literature review on Visible Learning, examining scholarly articles, books, and research papers. Explore the principles, strategies, and best practices of Visible Learning in educational settings.
- 3. Document Collection: Gather relevant documents, including academic articles, books, policy documents, and reports, focusing on Visible Learning practices. Include materials from educational institutions, professional organizations, and government bodies. The documents should cover theories, case studies, and practical applications of Visible Learning concepts.
- 4. Data Categorization and Coding: Organize the collected documents into categories, such as teaching strategies, assessment methods, professional development programs, and teacher training modules related to Visible Learning. Develop a coding system to analyze the content of each document systematically.
- 5. Content Analysis: Conduct a detailed content analysis of the documents. Use the coding system to identify key themes, successful practices, challenges faced by teachers, and innovative approaches to implementing Visible Learning. Analyze the data to gain insights into effective teaching methods aligned with Visible Learning principles.
- 6. Comparative Analysis: Compare and contrast different approaches and practices highlighted in the documents. Identify commonalities and variations in how teachers implement Visible Learning strategies across various contexts and educational levels.
- 7. Synthesis and Recommendations: Synthesize the findings from the content analysis. Provide insights into practical strategies for enhancing teachers' ability to practice Visible Learning. Formulate practical recommendations and guidelines for educators and policymakers based on the synthesized information.

Results

Fostering Visible Learning Practices in School Environments

Visible Learning, as conceptualized by John Hattie, refers to an evidence-based approach to teaching and learning that emphasizes practices with a substantial positive impact on student achievement. Fostering Visible Learning practices within school environments requires a comprehensive approach involving teachers, administrators, and the entire school community.

Key strategies and methods for supporting school environments in implementing Visible Learning practices.

- 1. Professional Development and Teacher Collaboration: Professional development programs focusing on Visible Learning strategies empower teachers with effective instructional techniques. Collaborative learning communities where teachers can share best practices, analyze student data, and engage in peer observation enhance the implementation of Visible Learning practices (Hattie, 2012).
- 2. Data-Informed Decision-Making: Utilizing student data to inform instruction is a fundamental aspect of Visible Learning. Schools need to establish robust data collection systems and provide teachers with training on interpreting and using data to adjust their

teaching methods. This data-driven approach enables educators to identify areas for improvement and implement targeted interventions (Fisher & Frey, 2007).

- 3. Feedback and Feedforward Practices: Implementing regular, specific, and timely feedback to students enhances their learning. Additionally, incorporating feedforward practices, which focus on guiding improvement, helps students understand their next steps in the learning process. Teachers are crucial in delivering constructive feedback that promotes student growth (Hattie & Timperley, 2007).
- 4. Leadership and School Culture: Visible Learning practices are deeply influenced by school leadership and culture. Principals and administrators who champion a culture of high expectations, continuous improvement, and a focus on student learning create an environment where Visible Learning thrives. Effective leadership encourages teacher buy-in and promotes sustainable implementation of evidence-based practices (Robinson et al., 2008).

Incorporating these strategies, schools can create a conducive environment for Visible Learning practices, ultimately enhancing student achievement and fostering a culture of continuous improvement within the educational community.

Professional Development and Teacher Collaboration: Implementing Visible Learning Strategies

Professional development and teacher collaboration are vital components of educational improvement, mainly when guided by the concept of Visible Learning. Visible Learning, as introduced by John Hattie, emphasizes the importance of making learning processes transparent and measurable, allowing teachers to identify effective strategies and continuously enhance their teaching methods. Implementing professional development and teacher collaboration within this framework involves several key steps:

- 1. Assess Current Practices: Begin by assessing the existing teaching methods and practices within the school. Identify areas where improvement is needed and determine specific learning goals based on Visible Learning principles.
- 1. Establish a Common Understanding: Begin by ensuring that all teachers have a common understanding of the principles and concepts of Visible Learning. This can involve workshops, seminars, or self-study of Hattie's research and related literature (Hattie, 2009).
- 2. Professional Development Workshops: Organize workshops and training sessions on Visible Learning strategies. These workshops should provide teachers with practical techniques to make learning visible, such as formative assessment techniques, feedback strategies, and self-regulation methods (Hattie, 2009).
- 3. Peer Observation and Feedback: Encourage peer observation among teachers. Create a culture where teachers observe each other's classes, providing constructive feedback based on Visible Learning principles. This collaborative approach allows teachers to learn from one another and refine their instructional techniques (Robinson et al., 2008).
- 4. Data-Driven Decision Making: Implement data-driven decision-making processes based on Visible Learning data. Regularly analyze student achievement data, identify trends, and adjust teaching strategies accordingly. This evidence-based approach ensures that interventions are targeted and effective (Hattie, 2012). Encourage teachers to use data, both

formative and summative assessments, to identify areas of improvement and make informed decisions. Collaborative data analysis sessions can help teachers identify effective practices (Hattie & Zierer, 2018).

- 5. Collaborative Lesson Planning: Facilitate collaborative lesson planning sessions where teachers collaboratively design lessons using Visible Learning strategies. Encourage discussions about what works best for different student groups and how to adapt teaching methods to individual student needs (Hattie, 2009).
- 6. Collaborative Inquiry Groups: Form Collaborative Inquiry Groups (CIGs) comprising teachers with similar grade levels or subjects. These groups meet regularly to discuss teaching practices, share insights, and study the impact of various strategies (Hattie, 2009).
- 7. Professional Learning Communities (PLCs): Establish Professional Learning Communities where teachers meet regularly to discuss Visible Learning research findings, share success stories, and collaborate on implementing effective teaching strategies. These communities provide a supportive environment for ongoing professional growth, where teachers meet to discuss research, share best practices, and collectively address student needs (DuFour et al., 2016; Hattie, 2012).
- 8. Continuous Reflective Practice: Encourage teachers to engage in reflective practice. Regular self-reflection and discussions within PLCs help teachers evaluate the impact of their teaching methods, fostering continuous improvement and adaptation of Visible Learning strategies (Hattie, 2009). After implementing new strategies, teachers should reflect on the outcomes and adjust their teaching methods accordingly (Hattie, 2012).
- 9. Peer Observations and Feedback: Implement peer observations and feedback sessions. Teachers can learn from each other by observing classroom practices and providing constructive feedback (Timperley & Parr, 2009). Implement ongoing assessment and feedback mechanisms to measure the impact of Visible Learning strategies on student outcomes. Adjust teaching practices based on feedback and results (Hattie, 2012).
- 10. External Expertise: Invite external experts or educational consultants who are well-versed in Visible Learning to provide specialized professional development sessions (Hattie, 2009).

Data-Informed Decision-Making and Visible Learning: A Comprehensive Approach

Data-informed decision-making (DIDM) is a crucial process in education, integrating quantitative and qualitative data to guide instructional strategies and improve student outcomes. In the context of Visible Learning, a concept introduced by Hattie (2009) emphasizing evidence-based practices, DIDM becomes even more powerful. This approach involves systematically collecting, analyzing, and applying data to enhance teaching and learning. Here is how to implement Data-Informed Decision Making under the framework of Visible Learning:

1. Define Clear Learning Objectives: Establish clear, measurable learning objectives. These objectives should be aligned with curriculum standards and specific learning outcomes. Visible Learning emphasizes the importance of setting explicit learning goals (Hattie, 2009).

- 2. Collect Relevant Data: Gather various data types, including student assessments, standardized test scores, classroom observations, and student feedback. Collect qualitative data through teacher observations and student discussions to gain a comprehensive understanding of the learning environment.
- 3. Analyze Data Effectively: Utilize data analysis techniques to identify patterns, trends, and areas where students are struggling. Employ statistical methods to interpret quantitative data and qualitative analysis methods like thematic coding for qualitative data. Visible Learning suggests analyzing the impact of different teaching strategies on student achievement (Hattie, 2009).
- 4. Implement Evidence-Based Strategies: Based on the data analysis, select evidence-based teaching strategies that have been proven effective. Visible Learning emphasizes strategies such as feedback, teacher-student relationships, and formative evaluation, which have a high impact on student learning (Hattie, 2009).
- 5. Monitor Progress and Adjust: Monitor student progress using formative assessments and ongoing data collection. If students are not making expected progress, adjust instructional strategies accordingly. Visible Learning emphasizes the importance of teachers being evaluators of their impact on students (Hattie, 2009).
- 6. Collaborative Reflection: Encourage collaborative reflection among teachers and educational leaders. Regular meetings to discuss data findings and share best practices can enhance the overall effectiveness of teaching strategies. Visible Learning promotes a culture of collaborative expertise where teachers work together to improve their teaching practices (Hattie, 2009).

Feedback and Feedforward Practices in Visible Learning: Enhancing Student Achievement

Visible Learning, a concept introduced by John Hattie, emphasizes evidence-based practices that have a substantial impact on student learning. Feedback and feedforward practices play a crucial role in this framework, providing students with valuable information about their performance and guiding them toward improvement. Here is how to implement effective feedback and feedforward practices in the context of Visible Learning:

1. Feedback Practices:

Feedback in Visible Learning should be timely, specific, and actionable. It should focus on the task, the process, and the self-regulation of learning (Hattie & Timperley, 2007).

- Timely Feedback: Provide feedback promptly after students' performances to ensure relevance and impact. Timely feedback allows students to connect the feedback with their work, making it more meaningful.
- Specific Feedback: Be specific about what the student did well and provide concrete suggestions for improvement. Specific feedback helps students understand their strengths and areas needing development.
- Actionable Feedback: Offer actionable strategies or steps for improvement. Avoid vague comments and provide clear guidance on how students can enhance their performance (Shute, 2008).

2. Feedforward Practices:

Feedforward focuses on guiding students toward future learning goals, emphasizing the steps they need to take to improve (Hattie, 2012).

- Goal-setting: Engage students in setting specific, measurable, and achievable learning goals. These goals are the basis for feedforward practices, guiding students toward their desired outcomes (Hattie, 2009).
- Progress Monitoring: Regularly monitor students' progress toward their goals. Use formative assessments and other tools to track their development. Discuss their progress with them, emphasizing areas of improvement and celebrating successes.
- Scaffolded Support: Provide scaffolded support based on students' individual needs. Offer targeted interventions and additional resources to help students overcome challenges and achieve their goals (Hattie, 2009).

Enhancing School Leadership and Culture through Visible Learning

Visible Learning, a concept pioneered by John Hattie, emphasizes making learning outcomes visible, quantifiable, and impactful. Applying this concept to school leadership and culture transforms educational environments. This discussion outlines strategies for integrating Visible Learning into leadership practices and school culture to promote student achievement and overall school success.

- 1. Collective Efficacy and Leadership: Visible Learning underscores the importance of collective efficacy, where teachers and leaders believe in their collective ability to influence student outcomes positively. School leaders can nurture collective efficacy by fostering collaborative decision-making, professional learning communities, and shared leadership practices (Hattie, 2015).
- 2. Feedback and Growth: Effective feedback mechanisms are crucial in Visible Learning. School leaders should provide timely, specific, and actionable feedback to teachers, focusing on instructional strategies and student progress. Creating a culture where feedback is valued and utilized for growth enhances teaching practices (Hattie & Yates, 2014).
- 3. Data-Informed Decision Making: Visible Learning encourages using data to inform teaching and leadership decisions. School leaders should promote data literacy among staff, facilitating the analysis of student performance data. Data-driven insights guide instructional strategies, enabling targeted interventions to support struggling students (Hattie, 2009).
- 4. Teacher Professional Development: Visible Learning emphasizes the impact of high-quality professional development. School leaders should invest in evidence-based professional development programs that align with the school's goals and focus on effective teaching strategies. Continual teacher growth positively influences student learning outcomes (Hattie, 2012).
- 5. Positive School Culture: A positive school culture is vital for Visible Learning to thrive. School leaders are central to shaping a culture of trust, respect, and collaboration. Acknowledging and celebrating both student and teacher successes foster a sense of belonging and motivation, enhancing overall school culture (Hattie, 2002).

Integrating Visible Learning principles into school leadership and culture creates a dynamic environment focused on student achievement. By emphasizing collective efficacy, feedback, data-informed decisions, professional development, and positive culture, school leaders empower educators to make a significant impact on student learning outcomes.

Conclusions

The concept of Visible Learning, pioneered by John Hattie, has significantly transformed the education landscape by emphasizing evidence-based practices that lead to substantial improvements in student learning outcomes. This study delved into the strategies aimed at enhancing teachers' abilities to implement Visible Learning principles effectively. Through rigorous exploration of various methodologies, interventions, and professional development initiatives, the research has provided valuable insights into empowering educators with the tools necessary for impactful teaching practices.

One key finding of this study is the paramount importance of ongoing professional development. Continuous training programs, workshops, and collaborative learning opportunities equip teachers with the latest Visible Learning techniques and methodologies. By engaging in reflective practices and peer discussions, educators can refine their instructional strategies, ensuring a more profound impact on student achievement.

Additionally, fostering a collaborative and supportive school culture emerged as a crucial factor. Schools that prioritize a shared vision of Visible Learning, where teachers collaborate, share best practices, and engage in meaningful dialogue, create an environment conducive to practical implementation. Moreover, strong leadership that champions Visible Learning principles and provides necessary resources and support is pivotal in empowering teachers to integrate these concepts into their classrooms successfully.

Furthermore, personalized coaching and feedback mechanisms tailored to individual teachers' needs were identified as instrumental in honing their skills. One-size-fits-all approaches do not suffice; instead, targeted feedback and coaching based on classroom observations and student performance data help teachers refine their instructional techniques, leading to more visible and impactful learning outcomes.

In conclusion, this study underscores the significance of continuous professional development, collaborative school cultures, effective leadership, and personalized support mechanisms in enhancing teachers' abilities to practice under the concept of Visible Learning. By investing in these areas, educational institutions can create a transformative learning environment where teachers are empowered to implement evidence-based practices, ultimately leading to improved student achievement and holistic development.

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